

SERVICE & OPERATING MANUAL

Original Instructions



Certified Quality



ISO 9001 Certified
ISO 14001 Certified

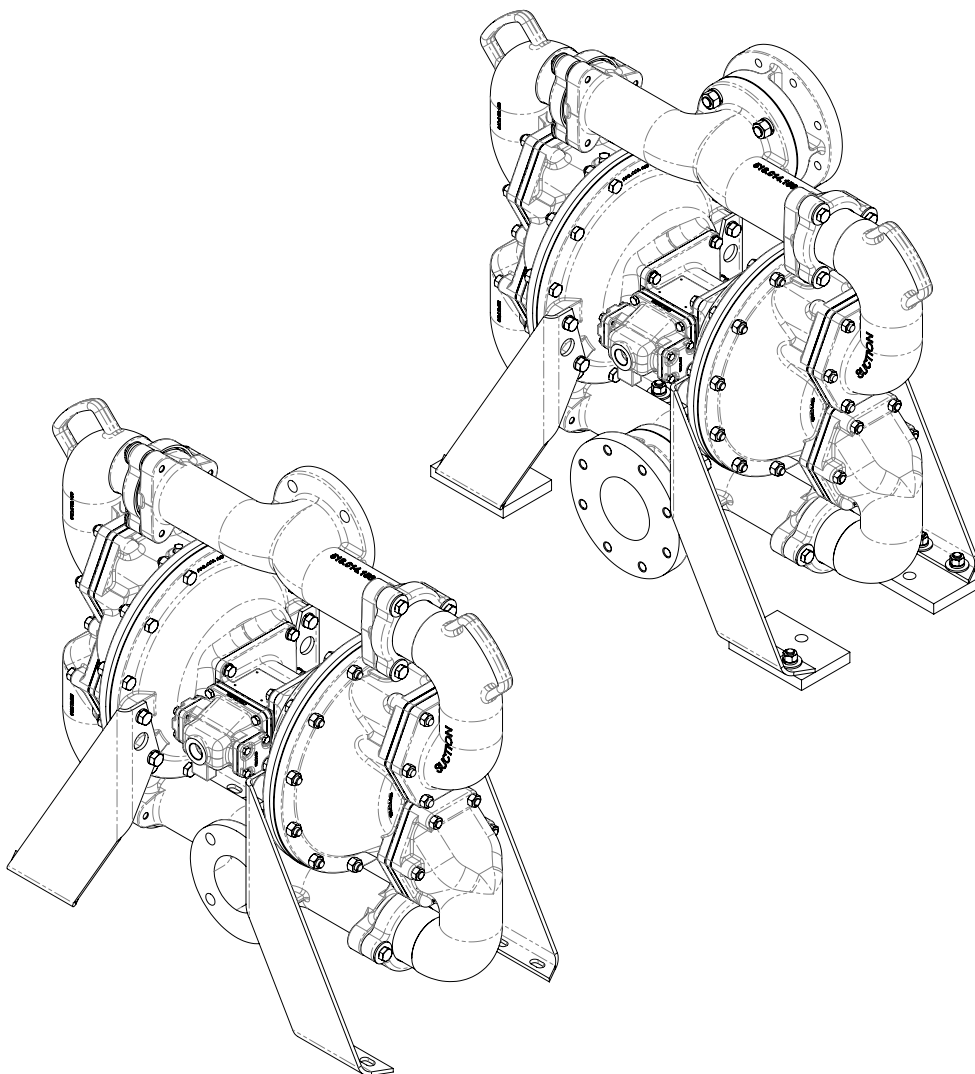


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Model HDF3-A Type 7 & HDF4-A Type 3 Heavy Duty Flap Valve



1: PUMP SPECS

2: INSTAL & OP

3: EXP VIEW

4: AIR END

5: WET END

6: OPTIONAL

7: WARRANTY

SANDPIPER®
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Safety Information

! IMPORTANT



Read the safety warnings and instructions in this manual before pump installation and start-up. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual could damage the pump and void factory warranty.



When the pump is used for materials that tend to settle out or solidify, the pump should be flushed after each use to prevent damage. In freezing temperatures the pump should be completely drained between uses.

! CAUTION



Before pump operation, inspect all fasteners for loosening caused by gasket creep. Retighten loose fasteners to prevent leakage. Follow recommended torques stated in this manual.



Nonmetallic pumps and plastic components are not UV stabilized. Ultraviolet radiation can damage these parts and negatively affect material properties. Do not expose to UV light for extended periods of time.



WARNING

Pump not designed, tested or certified to be powered by compressed natural gas. Powering the pump with natural gas will void the warranty.



WARNING

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

! WARNING



When used for toxic or aggressive fluids, the pump should always be flushed clean prior to disassembly.



Before maintenance or repair, shut off the compressed air line, bleed the pressure, and disconnect the air line from the pump. Be certain that approved eye protection and protective clothing are worn at all times. Failure to follow these recommendations may result in serious injury or death.



Airborne particles and loud noise hazards. Wear eye and ear protection.



In the event of diaphragm rupture, pumped material may enter the air end of the pump, and be discharged into the atmosphere. If pumping a product that is hazardous or toxic, the air exhaust must be piped to an appropriate area for safe containment.



Take action to prevent static sparking. Fire or explosion can result, especially when handling flammable liquids. The pump, piping, valves, containers and other miscellaneous equipment must be properly grounded.



This pump is pressurized internally with air pressure during operation. Make certain that all fasteners and piping connections are in good condition and are reinstalled properly during reassembly.



Use safe practices when lifting

ATEX Pumps - Conditions For Safe Use

1. Ambient temperature range is as specified in tables 1 to 3 on the next page (*per Annex I of DEKRA 18ATEX0094X*)
2. ATEX compliant pumps are suitable for use in explosive atmospheres when the equipment is properly grounded in accordance with local electrical codes
3. **Non-Metallic ATEX Pumps only — See Explanation of Pump Nomenclature / ATEX Details Page**
Conductive Polypropylene, conductive Acetal or conductive PVDF pumps are not to be installed in applications where the pumps may be subjected to oil, greases and hydraulic liquids.
4. The optionally provided solenoids shall be protected by a fuse corresponding to its rated current (max 3*I_{rat} according to EN 60127) or by a motor protecting switch with short circuit and thermal instantaneous tripping (set to the rated current) as short circuit protection. For solenoids with a very low rated current, a fuse with the lowest current value according to the indicated standard will be sufficient. The fuse may be accommodated in the associated supply unit or shall be separately arranged. The rated voltage of the fuse shall be equal or greater than the stated rated voltage of the solenoid. The breaking capacity of the fuse shall be as high as or higher than the maximum expected short circuit current at the location of the installation (usually 1500 A). The maximum permissible ripple is 20% for all dc solenoids.
***Not applicable for all pump models — See Explanation of Pump Nomenclature / ATEX Details Page**
5. When operating pumps equipped with non-conductive diaphragms that exceed the maximum permissible projected area, as defined in EN ISO 80079-36 : 2016 section 6.7.5 table 8, the following protection methods must be applied
 - Equipment is always used to transfer electrically conductive fluids or
 - Explosive environment is prevented from entering the internal portions of the pump, i.e. dry running.
6. Pumps provided with the pulse output kit and used in the potentially explosive atmosphere caused by the presence of the combustible dust shall be installed in such a way that the pulse output kit is protected against impact
***Not applicable for all pump models — See Explanation of Pump Nomenclature / ATEX Details Page**

Temperature Tables

Table 1. Category 1 & Category 2 ATEX Rated Pumps

Ambient Temperature Range [°C]	Process Temperature Range [°C] ¹	Temperature Class	Maximum Surface Temperature [°C]
-20°C to +60°C	-20°C to +80°C	T5	T100°C
	-20°C to +108°C	T4	T135°C
	-20°C to + 160°C	T3	T200°C
	-20°C to +177°C	(225°C) T2	

¹Per CSA standards ANSI LC6-2018 US & Canadian Technical Letter R14, G-Series Natural Gas Models are restricted to (-20°C to + 80°C) process temperature

Table 2. Category 2 ATEX Rated Pumps Equipped with Pulse Output Kit or Integral Solenoid:

Ambient Temperature Range [°C]	Process Temperature Range [°C]	Temperature Class	Maximum Surface Temperature [°C]	Options	
				Pulse Output Kit	Integral Solenoid
-20°C to +60°C	-20°C to +100°C	T5	T100	X	
-20°C to +50°C	-20°C to +100°C	T5	T100		X

²ATEX Pulse output or Integral Solenoid Not Available For All Pump Models See Explanation of Pump Nomenclature / ATEX Details Page

Table 3. Category M1 ATEX Rated Pumps for Mining

Ambient Temperature Range [°C]	Process Temperature Range [°C]
-20°C to +60°C	-20°C to +150°C

Note: The ambient temperature range and the process temperature range should not exceed the operating temperature range of the applied non-metallic parts as listed in the manuals of the pumps.

Table of Contents

SECTION 1: PUMP SPECIFICATIONS.....1

- Explanation of Nomenclature
- Performance
- Materials
- Dimensional Drawings

SECTION 2: INSTALLATION & OPERATION ...4

- Principle of Pump Operation
- Recommended Installation Guide
- Troubleshooting Guide

SECTION 3: EXPLODED VIEW.....7

- Composite Repair Parts Drawing
- Composite Repair Parts List
- Material Codes

SECTION 4: AIR END10

- Air Distribution Valve Assembly
- Air Valve with Stroke Indicator Assembly
- Pilot Valve Assembly
- Intermediate Assembly

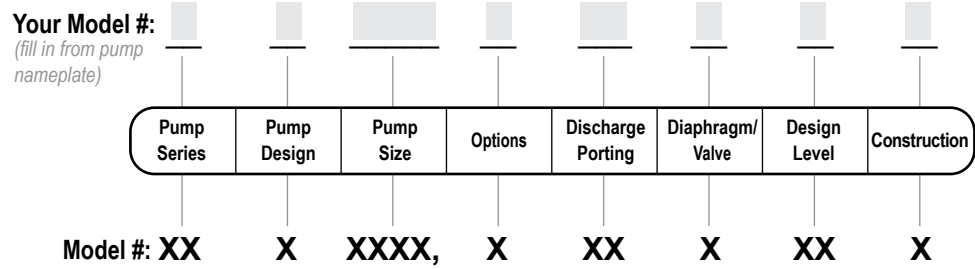
SECTION 5: WET END.....13

- Diaphragm Drawings
- Diaphragm Servicing

SECTION 7: WARRANTY & CERTIFICATES ..15

- Warranty
- EC Declaration of Conformity - Machinery
- EC Declaration of Conformity - ATEX

Explanation of Pump Nomenclature



- Pump Series**

HD Heavy Duty

Pump Design

F Flap

Pump Size

3 3" 150# ANSI Style Flange

4 4" 150# ANSI Style Flange

Discharge Porting Position

D Bottom
- Wet End Materials**

A Neoprene/Urethane

B Nitrile

K Neoprene/Hytrel

N Neoprene

S Santoprene

Design Level

7 (3" pump)


3 (4" pump)

Construction

A Aluminum Wetted, Aluminum Air

Your Serial #: (fill in from pump nameplate) _____

ATEX Detail

	ATEX Details	Construction	Options
	II 1 G Ex h IIC T5...225°C (T2) Ga	II, SI	00
	II 1D Ex h IIIC T100°C...T200°C Da		
	I M1 Ex h I Ma	A, I, SI, SS	00
	II 2 G Ex h IIC T5...225°C (T2) Gb		
	II 2 D Ex h IIIC T100°C...T200°C Db		

Performance

HDF3-A/HDF4-A

1: PUMP SPECS

SUCTION/DISCHARGE PORT SIZE

- HDF3-A: 3" ANSI 150# Style Flange
- HDF4-A: 4" ANSI 150# Style Flange

CAPACITY

- 0 to 310 gallons per minute
(0 to 1,173 liters per minute)

AIR DISTRIBUTION VALVE

- No-lube, no-stall design

SOLIDS-HANDLING

- Up to 3 in. (75mm)

HEADS UP TO

- 125 psi or 289 ft. of water
(8.8 Kg/cm² or 88 meters)

MAXIMUM OPERATING PRESSURE

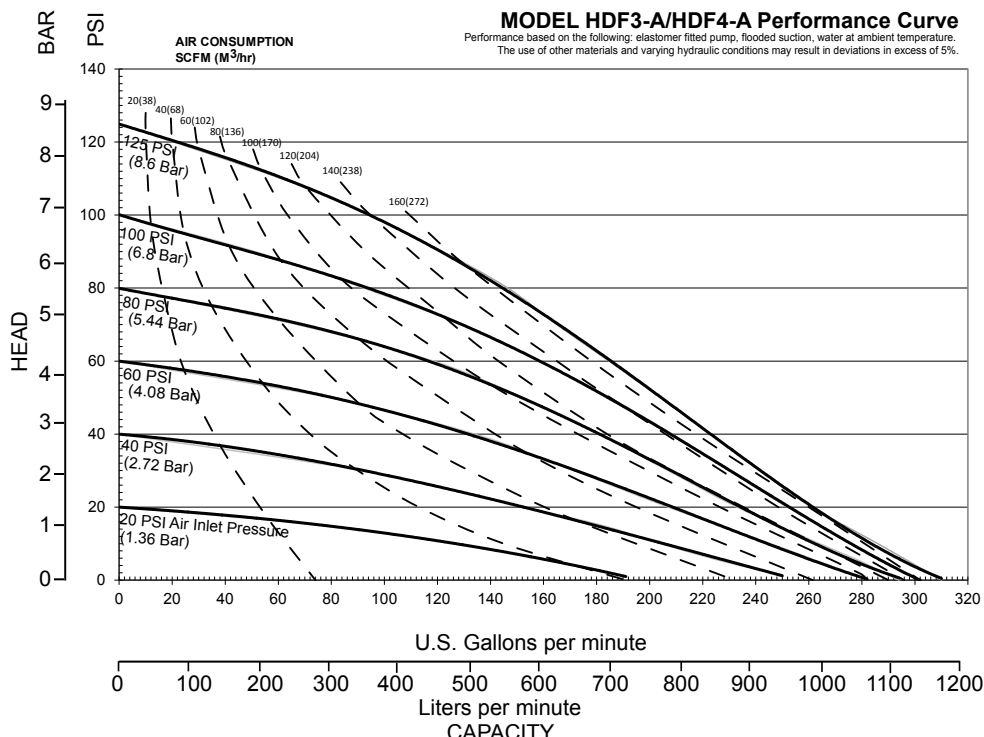
- 125 psi (8.6 bar)

DISPLACEMENT/STROKE

- 1.60 Gallon / 6.08 liter

SHIPPING WEIGHT

- HDF3-A 345 lbs. (151 kg)
- HDF4-A 415 lbs. (182 kg)



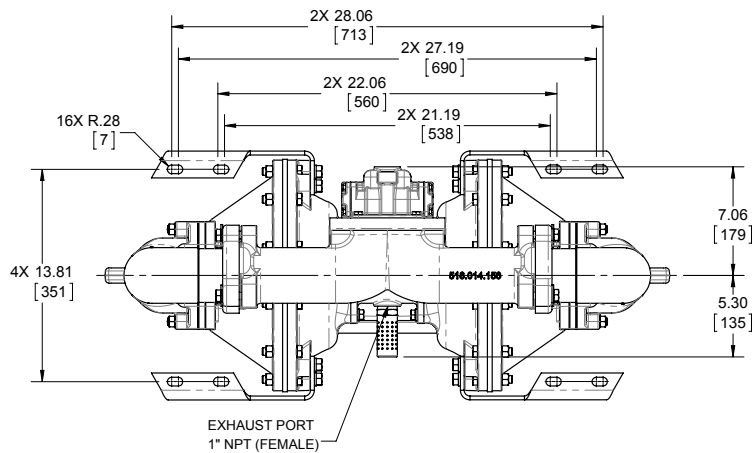
Materials

Material Profile:	Operating Temperatures:	
	Max.	Min.
CAUTION! Operating temperature limitations are as follows:		
Conductive Acetal: Tough, impact resistant, ductile. Good abrasion resistance and low friction surface. Generally inert, with good chemical resistance except for strong acids and oxidizing agents.	190°F 88°C	-20°F -29°C
EPDM: Shows very good water and chemical resistance. Has poor resistance to oils and solvents, but is fair in ketones and alcohols.	280°F 138°C	-40°F -40°C
FKM: (Fluorocarbon) Shows good resistance to a wide range of oils and solvents; especially all aliphatic, aromatic and halogenated hydrocarbons, acids, animal and vegetable oils. Hot water or hot aqueous solutions (over 70°F(21°C)) will attack FKM.	350°F 177°C	-40°F -40°C
Hytrel®: Good on acids, bases, amines and glycols at room temperatures only.	220°F 104°C	-20°F -29°C
Neoprene: All purpose. Resistance to vegetable oils. Generally not affected by moderate chemicals, fats, greases and many oils and solvents. Generally attacked by strong oxidizing acids, ketones, esters and nitro hydrocarbons and chlorinated aromatic hydrocarbons.	200°F 93°C	-10°F -23°C
Nitrile: General purpose, oil-resistant. Shows good solvent, oil, water and hydraulic fluid resistance. Should not be used with highly polar solvents like acetone and MEK, ozone, chlorinated hydrocarbons and nitro hydrocarbons.	190°F 88°C	-10°F -23°C
Nylon: 6/6 High strength and toughness over a wide temperature range. Moderate to good resistance to fuels, oils and chemicals.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C

Polypropylene: A thermoplastic polymer. Moderate tensile and flex strength. Resists strong acids and alkali. Attacked by chlorine, fuming nitric acid and other strong oxidizing agents.	180°F 82°C	32°F 0°C
PVDF: (Polyvinylidene Fluoride) A durable fluoroplastic with excellent chemical resistance. Excellent for UV applications. High tensile strength and impact resistance.	250°F 121°C	0°F -18°C
Santoprene®: Injection molded thermoplastic elastomer with no fabric layer. Long mechanical flex life. Excellent abrasion resistance.	275°F 135°C	-40°F -40°C
UHMW PE: A thermoplastic that is highly resistant to a broad range of chemicals. Exhibits outstanding abrasion and impact resistance, along with environmental stress-cracking resistance.	180°F 82°C	-35°F -37°C
Urethane: Shows good resistance to abrasives. Has poor resistance to most solvents and oils.	150°F 66°C	32°F 0°C
Virgin PTFE: (PFA/TFE) Chemically inert, virtually impervious. Very few chemicals are known to chemically react with PTFE; molten alkali metals, turbulent liquid or gaseous fluorine and a few fluoro-chemicals such as chlorine trifluoride or oxygen difluoride which readily liberate free fluorine at elevated temperatures.	220°F 104°C	-35°F -37°C
<i>Maximum and Minimum Temperatures are the limits for which these materials can be operated. Temperatures coupled with pressure affect the longevity of diaphragm pump components. Maximum life should not be expected at the extreme limits of the temperature ranges.</i>		
Metals:		
Alloy C: Equal to ASTM494 CW-12M-1 specification for nickel and nickel alloy.		
Stainless Steel: Equal to or exceeding ASTM specification A743 CF-8M for corrosion resistant iron chromium, iron chromium nickel and nickel based alloy castings for general applications. Commonly referred to as 316 Stainless Steel in the pump industry.		

For specific applications, always consult the Chemical Resistance Chart.

Dimensions in inches (metric dimensions in brackets). Dimensional Tolerance .125" (3mm).

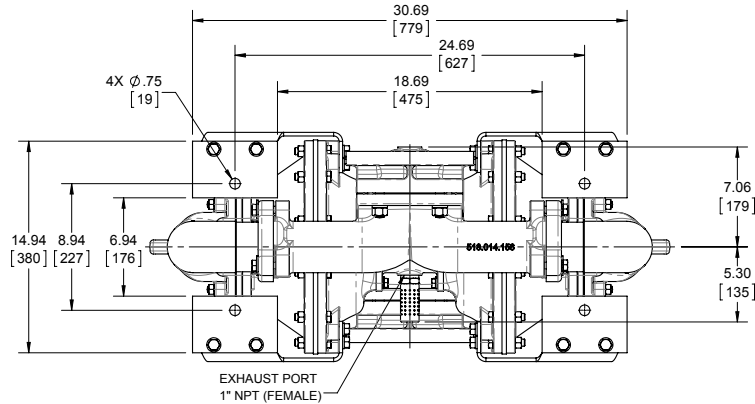
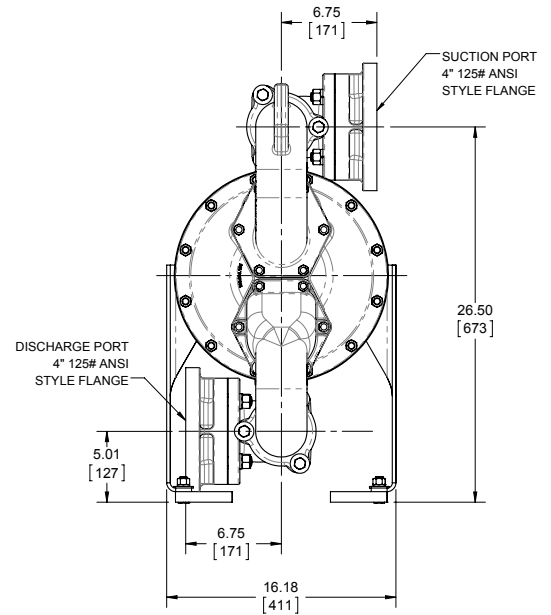
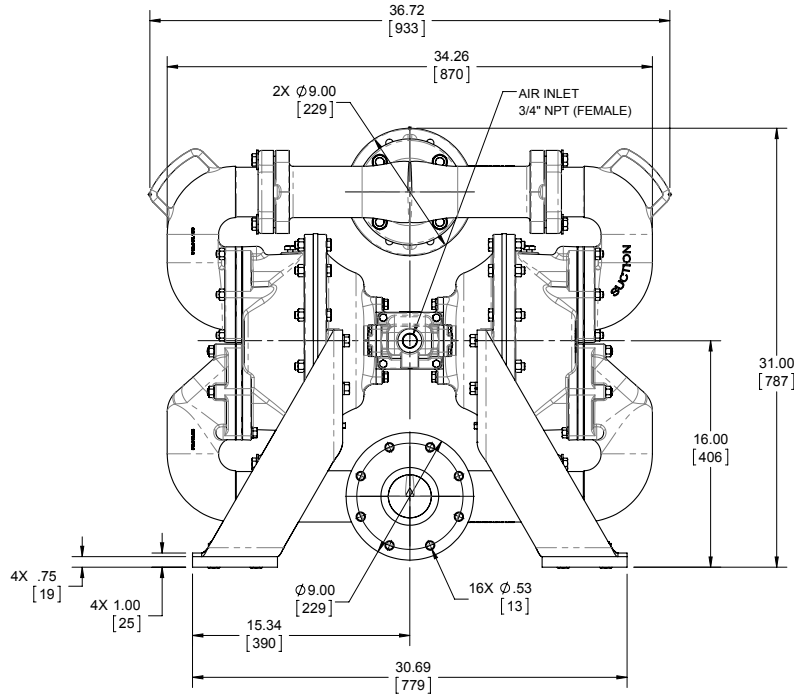


Dimensional Drawings

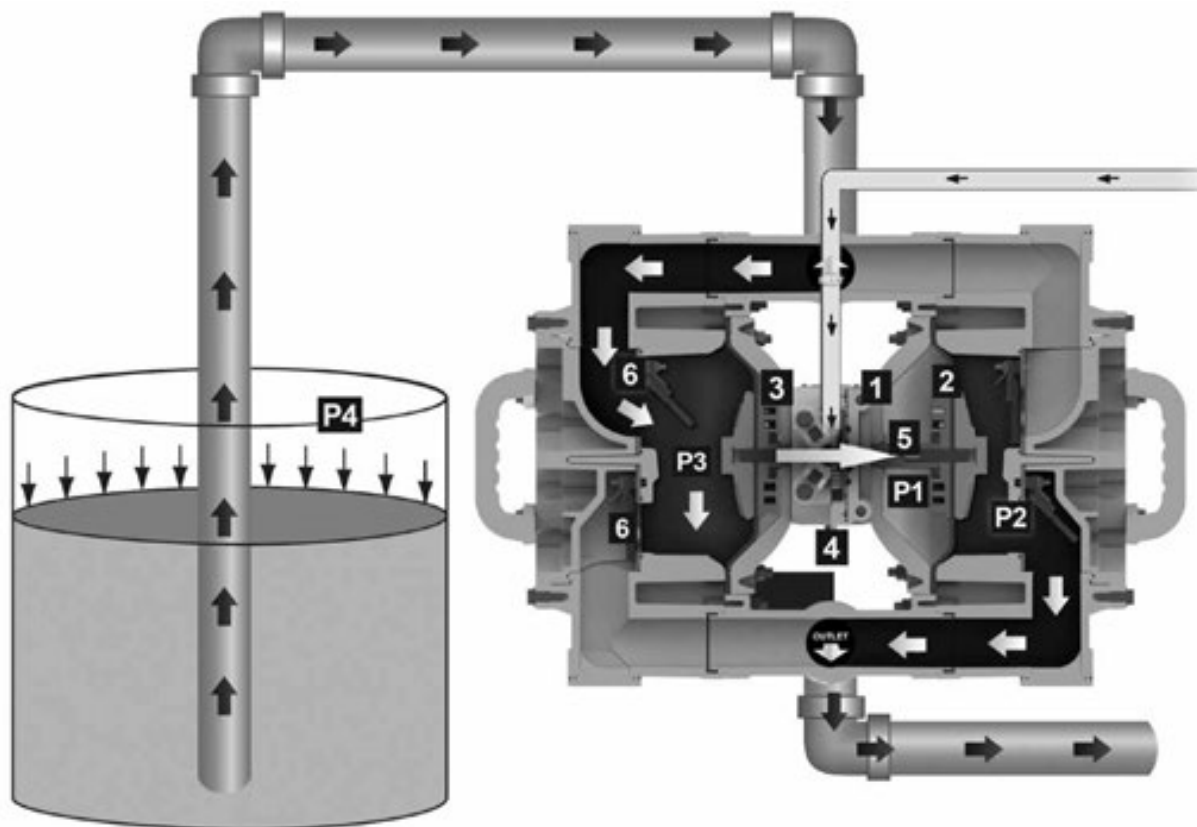
1: PUMP SPECS

HDF3-A & HDF4-A Heavy Duty Flap Valve

Dimensions in inches (metric dimensions in brackets). Dimensional Tolerance .125" (3mm).



Principle of Pump Operation



Air-Operated Double Diaphragm (AODD) pumps are powered by compressed air or nitrogen.

The main directional (air) control valve ① distributes compressed air to an air chamber, exerting uniform pressure over the inner surface of the diaphragm ②. At the same time, the exhausting air ③ from behind the opposite diaphragm is directed through the air valve assembly(s) to an exhaust port ④.

As inner chamber pressure (P1) exceeds liquid chamber pressure (P2), the rod ⑤ connected diaphragms shift together creating discharge on one side and suction on the opposite side. The discharged and primed liquid's directions are controlled by the check valves (ball or flap) ⑥ orientation.

The pump primes as a result of the suction stroke. The suction stroke lowers the chamber pressure (P3) increasing the chamber volume. This results in a pressure differential necessary for atmospheric pressure (P4) to push the fluid through the suction piping and across the suction side check valve and into the outer fluid chamber ⑦.

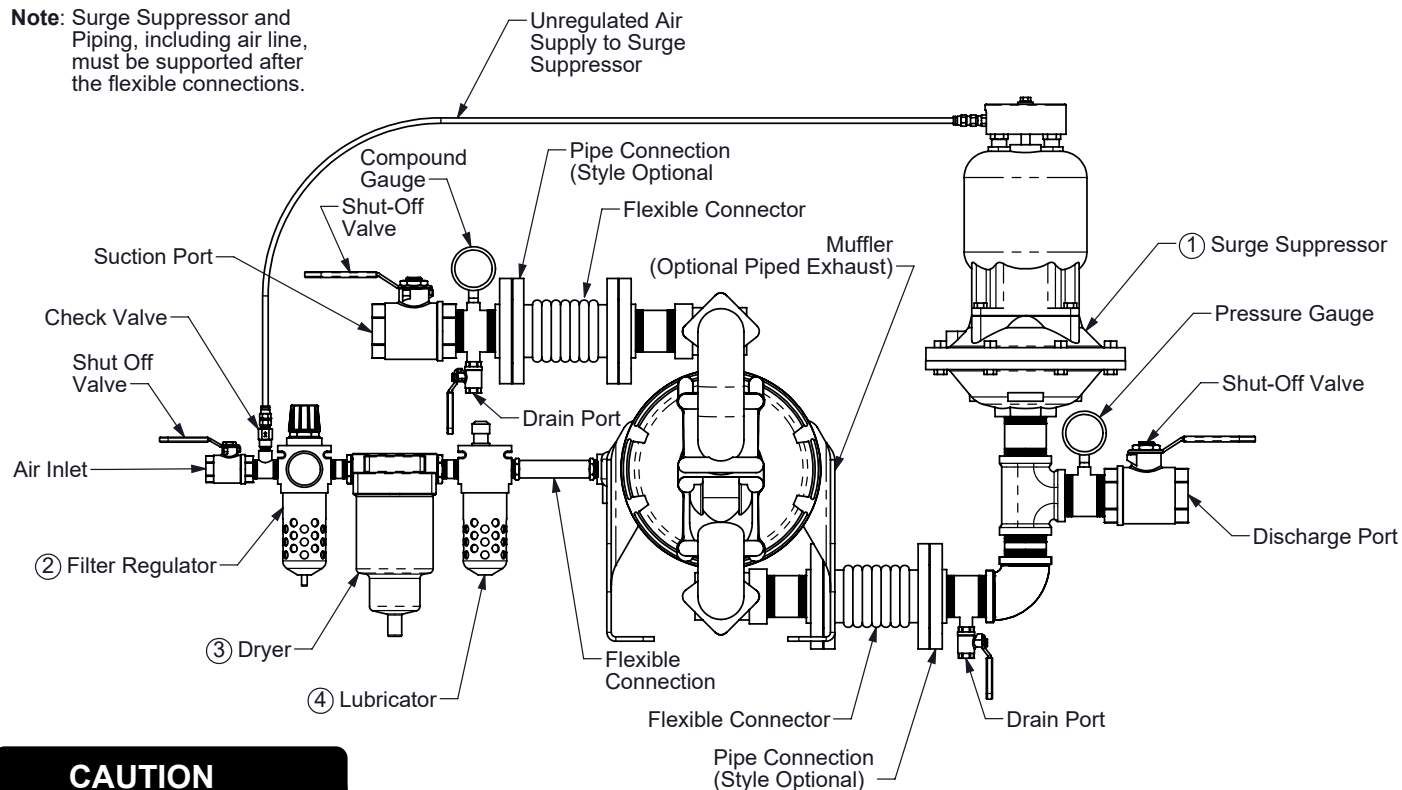
Suction (side) stroking also initiates the reciprocating (shifting, stroking or cycling) action of the pump. The suction diaphragm's movement is mechanically pulled through its stroke. The diaphragm's inner plate makes contact with an actuator plunger aligned to shift the pilot signaling valve. Once actuated, the pilot valve sends a pressure signal to the opposite end of the main directional air valve, redirecting the compressed air to the opposite inner chamber.

Recommended Installation Guide

Available Accessories:

1. Surge Suppressor
2. Filter/Regulator
3. Air Dryer
4. Lubricator

Note: Surge Suppressor and Piping, including air line, must be supported after the flexible connections.



CAUTION



The air exhaust should be piped to an area for safe disposition of the product being pumped, in the event of a diaphragm failure.

Installation and Start-Up

Locate the pump as close to the product being pumped as possible. Keep the suction line length and number of fittings to a minimum. Do not reduce the suction line diameter.

Air Supply

Connect the pump air inlet to an air supply with sufficient capacity and pressure to achieve desired performance. A pressure regulating valve should be installed to insure air supply pressure does not exceed recommended limits.

Air Valve Lubrication

The air distribution system is designed to operate WITHOUT lubrication. This is the standard mode of operation. If lubrication is desired, install an air line lubricator set to deliver one drop of SAE 10 non-detergent oil for every 20 SCFM (9.4 liters/sec.) of air the pump consumes. Consult the Performance Curve to determine air consumption.

Air Line Moisture

Water in the compressed air supply may cause icing or freezing of the exhaust air, causing the pump to cycle erratically or stop operating. Water in the air supply can be reduced by using a point-of-use air dryer.

Air Inlet and Priming

To start the pump, slightly open the air shut-off valve. After the pump primes, the air valve can be opened to increase air flow as desired. If opening the valve increases cycling rate, but does not increase the rate of flow, cavitation has occurred. The valve should be closed slightly to obtain the most efficient air flow to pump flow ratio.

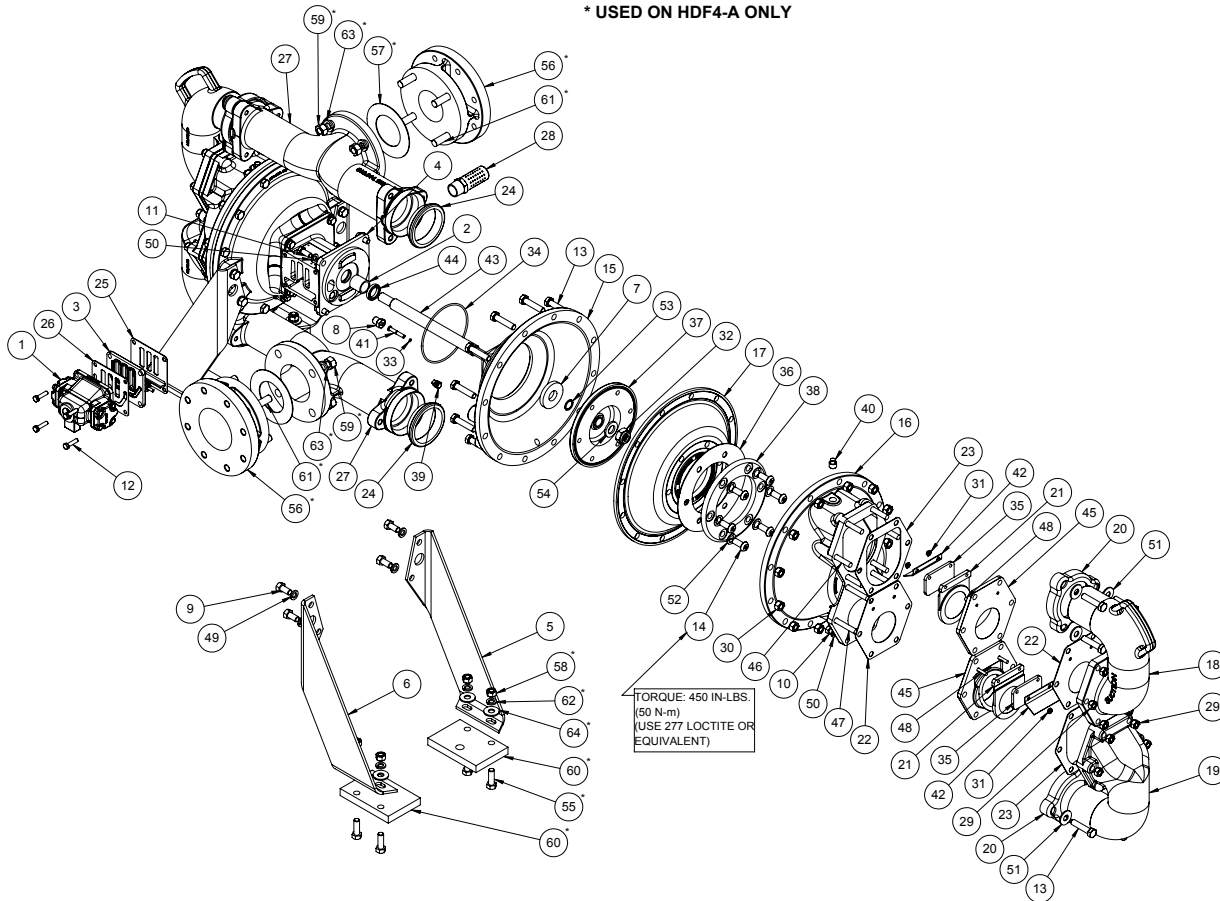
Troubleshooting Guide

Symptom:	Potential Cause(s):	Recommendation(s):
Pump Cycles Once	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Air valve or intermediate gaskets installed incorrectly.	Install gaskets with holes properly aligned.
	Bent or missing actuator plunger.	Remove pilot valve and inspect actuator plungers.
Pump Will Not Operate / Cycle	Pump is over lubricated.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.
	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size and length, compressor capacity (HP vs. cfm required).
	Check air distribution system.	Disassemble and inspect main air distribution valve, pilot valve and pilot valve actuators.
	Discharge line is blocked or clogged manifolds.	Check for inadvertently closed discharge line valves. Clean discharge manifolds/piping.
	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Blocked air exhaust muffler.	Remove muffler screen, clean or de-ice, and re-install.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Pump chamber is blocked.	Disassemble and inspect wetted chambers. Remove or flush any obstructions.
Pump Cycles and Will Not Prime or No Flow	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction condition (move pump closer to product).
	Check valve obstructed. Valve ball(s) not seating properly or sticking.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket. Clean out around valve ball cage and valve seat area. Replace valve ball or valve seat if damaged. Use heavier valve ball material.
	Valve ball(s) missing (pushed into chamber or manifold).	Worn valve ball or valve seat. Worn fingers in valve ball cage (replace part). Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.
	Valve ball(s) / seat(s) damaged or attacked by product.	Check Chemical Resistance Guide for compatibility.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
Pump Cycles Running Sluggish / Stalling, Flow Unsatisfactory	Over lubrication.	Set lubricator on lowest possible setting or remove. Units are designed for lube free operation.
	Icing.	Remove muffler screen, de-ice, and re-install. Install a point of use air drier.
	Clogged manifolds.	Clean manifolds to allow proper air flow.
	Deadhead (system pressure meets or exceeds air supply pressure).	Increase the inlet air pressure to the pump. Pump is designed for 1:1 pressure ratio at zero flow. (Does not apply to high pressure 2:1 units).
	Cavitation on suction side.	Check suction (move pump closer to product).
	Lack of air (line size, PSI, CFM).	Check the air line size, length, compressor capacity.
	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Air supply pressure or volume exceeds system hd.	Decrease inlet air (press. and vol.) to the pump. Pump is cavitating the fluid by fast cycling.
	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.
	Restrictive or undersized air line.	Install a larger air line and connection.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Suction line is blocked.	Remove or flush obstruction. Check and clear all suction screens or strainers.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs. Purging the chambers of air can be dangerous.
Product Leaking Through Exhaust	Diaphragm failure, or diaphragm plates loose.	Replace diaphragms, check for damage and ensure diaphragm plates are tight.
	Diaphragm stretched around center hole or bolt holes.	Check for excessive inlet pressure or air pressure. Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.
Premature Diaphragm Failure	Cavitation.	Enlarge pipe diameter on suction side of pump.
	Excessive flooded suction pressure.	Move pump closer to product. Raise pump/place pump on top of tank to reduce inlet pressure. Install Back pressure device (Tech bulletin 41r). Add accumulation tank or pulsation dampener.
	Misapplication (chemical/physical incompatibility).	Consult Chemical Resistance Chart for compatibility with products, cleaners, temperature limitations and lubrication.
	Incorrect diaphragm plates or plates on backwards, installed incorrectly or worn.	Check Operating Manual to check for correct part and installation. Ensure outer plates have not been worn to a sharp edge.
Unbalanced Cycling	Excessive suction lift.	For lifts exceeding 20' of liquid, filling the chambers with liquid will prime the pump in most cases.
	Undersized suction line.	Meet or exceed pump connections.
	Pumped fluid in air exhaust muffler.	Disassemble pump chambers. Inspect for diaphragm rupture or loose diaphragm plate assembly.
	Suction side air leakage or air in product.	Visually inspect all suction-side gaskets and pipe connections.
	Check valve obstructed.	Disassemble the wet end of the pump and manually dislodge obstruction in the check valve pocket.
	Check valve and/or seat is worn or needs adjusting.	Inspect check valves and seats for wear and proper setting. Replace if necessary.
	Entrained air or vapor lock in chamber(s).	Purge chambers through tapped chamber vent plugs.

For additional troubleshooting tips contact After Sales Support at service.warrenrupp@idexcorp.com or 419-524-8388

Composite Repair Parts Drawing

* USED ON HDF4-A ONLY



Service & Repair Kits

- 476.247.000 Air End Kit**
Sleeve and Spool Set, Pilot Valve Body Assembly, Bumpers, Bushings, Gaskets, O-rings, Seals, Plungers
- 476.314.000 Air End Refurbishment Kit**
Bumpers, Bushings, Gaskets, O-rings, Seals, Plungers, and Plungers
- 476.249.354 Wet End Kit**
Santoprene Diaphragms, Santoprene Flap Valves, EPDM Hinge Pads, EPDM Wear Pads, gaskets
- 476.249.360 Wet End Kit**
Nitrile Diaphragms, Nitrile Flap Valves, Nitrile Hinge Pads, Nitrile Wear Pads, gaskets
- 476.249.365 Wet End Kit**
Neoprene Diaphragms, Neoprene Flap Valves, Neoprene Hinge Pads, Neoprene Wear Pads, gaskets
- 476.249.632 Wet End Kit**
Neoprene Diaphragms, Urethane Flap Valves, Neoprene Hinge Pads, Urethane Wear Pads, gaskets
- 476.249.667 Wet End Kit**
Santoprene Diaphragms, Urethane Flap Valves, Neoprene Hinge Pads, Urethane Wear Pads, gaskets

Composite Repair Parts List

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty	Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
①	031.019.156	Air Valve Assy (see pg #10 for details)	1	35	570.002.360	Pad, Hinge - Buna	4
	031.019.001	Air Valve Assy (Alum Center SS/BRASS Sleeve Spool-High Clearance)	1		570.002.364	Pad, Hinge - EPDM (also used w/ Santoprene)	4
	031.019.004	Air Valve Assy (Alum Center SS/BRASS Sleeve-Spool)	1		570.002.365	"Pad, Hinge - Neoprene (also used with Urethane)"	4
	031.089.156	Air Valve Assy (Alum Center - stroke Indicator)	1	36	570.012.371	Pad, Wear	2
2	070.006.170	Bushing, Intermediate (included in item #4)	2	37	612.014.000	Plate, Inner Diaphragm	2
3	095.073.001	Pilot Valve Assy	1	38	612.015.156	Plate, Outer Diaphragm	2
4	114.002.156	Intermediate (w/ aluminum center)	1	39	618.003.330	Plug, Pipe 1/4" NPT	2
5	115.020.080	Bracket, Leg	2	40	618.004.330	Plug, Pipe 3/8" NPT	2
6	115.021.080	Bracket, Leg	2	41	620.011.114	Plunger, Actuator	2
7	132.002.360	Bumper, Diaphragm	2	42	670.006.115	Retainer, Flap Valve	4
8	135.016.162	Bushing, Plunger	2	43	685.008.120	Rod, Diaphragm	1
9	170.012.330	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 1/2-13 x 1.00	8	44	720.004.360	Seal, U-Cup	2
10	170.023.330	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 7/16-14 x 1.75	4	45	722.007.115	Seat, Flap Valve	4
11	170.024.330	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 7/16-14 x 1.00	8	46	807.017.330	Stud, 7/16-14 x 2.25 (Included with item #16)	12
12	170.045.330	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 5/16-18 x 1.25	4	47	807.018.330	Stud, 7/16-14 x 3.00 (Included with item #16)	8
13	170.066.330	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 1/2-13 x 2.25	36	48	807.018.110	Stud, 1/4-20 (included with item #45)	8
14	172.001.330	Capscrew, Button-Hd Soc 1/2-13 x 1.50	12	49	900.003.330	Washer, Lock 1/2"	8
15	196.003.155	Chamber, Inner - Includes #39	2	50	900.006.330	Washer, Lock 7/16"	12
16	196.004.155	Chamber, Outer - Includes #40, #46, #47	2	51	901.006.330	Washer, Flat 1/2"	12
17	286.018.360	Diaphragm - Buna	2	52	901.011.180	Washer, Sealing Diaphragm Plate	12
	286.018.365	Diaphragm - Neoprene	2	53	901.013.180	Washer, Sealing Diaphragm Rod	2
	286.018.354	Diaphragm - Santoprene	2	54	901.023.330	Washer, Flat 3/4"	2
	286.018.357	Diaphragm - Urethane	2	HDF4-A Components Only			
18	312.015.155	Elbow, Suction	2	55	170.013.330	Capscrew, Hx-Hd 1/2-13 x 1.50	8
19	312.016.155	Elbow, Discharge	2	56	334.037.010	Flange, Adapter 4"	2
20	334.020.000	Flange, Follower	4	57	360.034.425	Gasket, Flange 3"	2
21	338.008.360	Valve, Flap Assembly - Buna	4	58	545.008.330	Nut, Hex 1/2-13	8
	338.008.365	Valve, Flap Assembly - Neoprene	4	59	545.009.330	Nut, Hex 5/8-11	8
	338.011.354	Valve, Flap Assembly - Santoprene	4	60	770.020.080	Spacer, Foot	4
	338.011.356	Valve, Flap Assembly - Hytrel	4	61	807.055.330	Stud, 5/8-11 x 2.50 (Included with item #56)	8
	338.011.357	Valve, Flap Assembly - Urethane	4	62	900.003.330	Washer, Lock 1/2"	8
22	360.013.379	Gasket, Flange - Conductive Nitrile	4	63	900.007.330	Washer, Lock 5/8"	8
	360.013.384	Gasket, Flange - Conductive Neoprene	4	64	901.006.330	Washer, Flat 1/2"	8
	360.013.385	Gasket, Flange - Conductive EPDM	4				
23	360.014.379	Gasket, Flange - Conductive Nitrile	4				
	360.014.384	Gasket, Flange - Conductive Neoprene	4				
	360.014.385	Gasket, Flange - Conductive EPDM	4				
24	360.021.000	Ring, Sealing	4				
25	360.041.379	Gasket, Pilot Valve	1				
26	360.048.425	Gasket, Air Valve	1				
27	518.014.156	Manifold	2				
28	530.033.000	Muffler, Metal	1				
29	545.007.330	Nut, Hex 7/16-14	20				
30	545.008.330	Nut, Hex 1/2-13	24				
31	547.002.110	Nut, Nylon Stop 1/4 x 20	8				
32	547.006.330	Nut, Stop - Diaphragm Rod	2				
33	560.001.360	O-ring	2				
34	560.022.360	O-ring	2				

LEGEND:

○ = Items contained within Air End Kits

□ = Items contained within Wet End Kits

*Air End Kit includes sleeve and spool set only, not entire air valve assembly

Note: Kits contain components specific to the material codes.

ATEX Compliant

Material Codes - The Last 3 Digits of Part Number

000.....Assembly, sub-assembly;
and some purchased items

010.....Cast Iron

015.....Ductile Iron

020.....Ferritic Malleable Iron

080.....Carbon Steel, AISI B-1112

110.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel

111.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel
(Electro Polished)

112.....Alloy C

113.....Alloy Type 316 Stainless Steel
(Hand Polished)

114.....303 Stainless Steel

115.....302/304 Stainless Steel

117.....440-C Stainless Steel (Martensitic)

120.....416 Stainless Steel
(Wrought Martensitic)

148.....Hardcoat Anodized Aluminum

150.....6061-T6 Aluminum

152.....2024-T4 Aluminum (2023-T351)

155.....356-T6 Aluminum

156.....356-T6 Aluminum

157.....Die Cast Aluminum Alloy #380

158.....Aluminum Alloy SR-319

162.....Brass, Yellow, Screw Machine Stock

165.....Cast Bronze, 85-5-5-5

166.....Bronze, SAE 660

170.....Bronze, Bearing Type,
Oil Impregnated

180.....Copper Alloy

305.....Carbon Steel, Black Epoxy Coated

306.....Carbon Steel, Black PTFE Coated

307.....Aluminum, Black Epoxy Coated

308.....Stainless Steel, Black PTFE Coated

309.....Aluminum, Black PTFE Coated

313.....Aluminum, White Epoxy Coated

330.....Zinc Plated Steel

332.....Aluminum, Electroless Nickel Plated

333.....Carbon Steel, Electroless
Nickel Plated

335.....Galvanized Steel

337.....Silver Plated Steel

351.....Food Grade Santoprene®

353.....Geolast; Color: Black

354.....Injection Molded #203-40
Santoprene® Duro 40D +/-5;
Color: RED

356.....Hytrel®

357.....Injection Molded Polyurethane

358.....Urethane Rubber
(Some Applications)
(Compression Mold)

359.....Urethane Rubber

360.....Nitrile Rubber Color coded: RED

363.....FKM (Fluorocarbon)
Color coded: YELLOW

364.....EPDM Rubber
Color coded: BLUE

365.....Neoprene Rubber
Color coded: GREEN

366.....Food Grade Nitrile

368.....Food Grade EPDM

371.....Philthane (Tuftane)

374.....Carboxylated Nitrile

375.....Fluorinated Nitrile

378.....High Density Polypropylene

379.....Conductive Nitrile

384.....Conductive Neoprene

385.....Conductive EPDM

408.....Cork and Neoprene

425.....Compressed Fibre

426.....Blue Gard

440.....Vegetable Fibre

500.....Delrin® 500

502.....Conductive Acetal, ESD-800

503.....Conductive Acetal, Glass-Filled

506.....Delrin® 150

520.....Injection Molded PVDF
Natural color

540.....Nylon

542.....Nylon

544.....Nylon Injection Molded

550.....Polyethylene

551.....Glass Filled Polypropylene

552.....Unfilled Polypropylene

555.....Polyvinyl Chloride

556.....Black Vinyl

557.....Conductive Polypropylene

558.....Conductive HDPE

570.....Rulon II®

580.....Ryton®

600.....PTFE (virgin material)
Tetrafluorocarbon (TFE)

603.....Blue Gylon®

604.....PTFE

606.....PTFE

607.....Envelon

608.....Conductive PTFE

610.....PTFE Encapsulated Silicon

611.....PTFE Encapsulated FKM

632.....Neoprene/Hytrel®

633.....FKM/PTFE

634.....EPDM/PTFE

635.....Neoprene/PTFE

637.....PTFE, FKM/PTFE

638.....PTFE, Hytrel®/PTFE

639.....Nitrile/TFE

643.....Santoprene®/EPDM

644.....Santoprene®/PTFE

656.....Santoprene® Diaphragm and
Check Balls/EPDM Seats

661.....EPDM/Santoprene®

666.....FDA Nitrile Diaphragm,
PTFE Overlay, Balls, and Seals

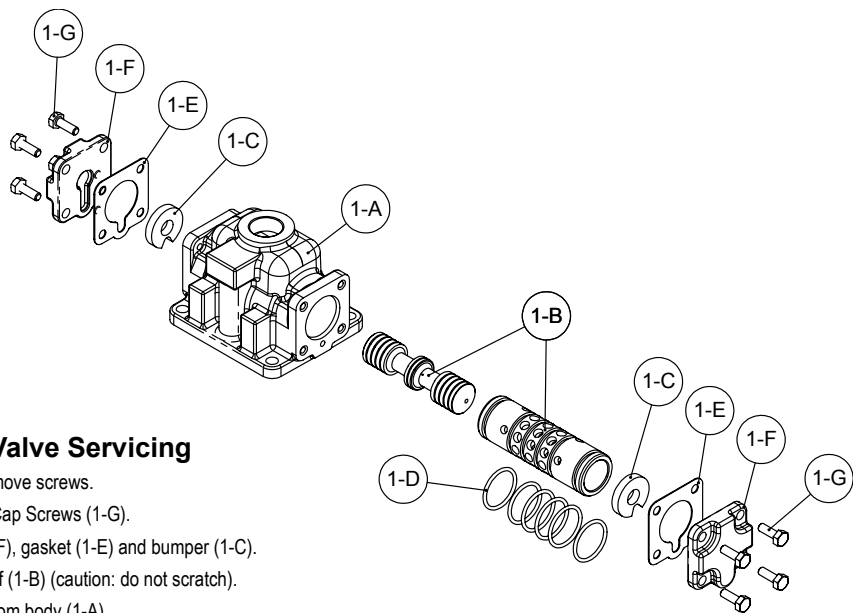
668.....PTFE, FDA Santoprene®/PTFE

- Delrin and Hytrel are registered tradenames of E.I. DuPont.
- Nylatron is a registered tradename of Polymer Corp.
- Gylon is a registered tradename of Garlock, Inc.
- Santoprene is a registered tradename of Exxon Mobil Corp.
- Rulon II is a registered tradename of Dixon Industries Corp.
- Ryton is a registered tradename of Phillips Chemical Co.
- Valox is a registered tradename of General Electric Co.

RECYCLING

Warren Rupp is an ISO14001 registered company and is committed to minimizing the impact our products have on the environment. Many components of SANDPIPER® AODD pumps are made of recyclable materials. We encourage pump users to recycle worn out parts and pumps whenever possible, after any hazardous pumped fluids are thoroughly flushed. Pump users that recycle will gain the satisfaction to know that their discarded part(s) or pump will not end up in a landfill. The recyclability of SANDPIPER products is a vital part of Warren Rupp's commitment to environmental stewardship.

Air Distribution Valve Assembly



Air Distribution Valve Servicing

- See repair parts drawing, remove screws.
- Step 1:** Remove Hex Head Cap Screws (1-G).
- Step 2:** Remove end cap (1-F), gasket (1-E) and bumper (1-C).
- Step 3:** Remove spool part of (1-B) (caution: do not scratch).
- Step 4:** Press sleeve (1-B) from body (1-A).
- Step 5:** Inspect O-Ring (1-D) and replace if necessary.
- Step 6:** Lightly lubricate O-Rings (1-D) on sleeve (1-B).
- Step 7:** Press sleeve (1-B) into body (1-A).
- Step 8:** Reassemble in reverse order, starting with step 3.

Note: Sleeve and spool (1-B) set is match ground to a specified clearance sleeve and spools (1-B) cannot be interchanged.

MAIN AIR VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
1	031.019.156	Air Valve Assembly	1
1-A	095.043.156	Body, Air Valve	1
1-B	031.012.000	Sleeve and Spool Set	1
1-C	132.014.358	Bumper	2
1-D	560.020.360	O-Ring	6
1-E	360.010.425	Gasket	2
1-F	165.011.157	End Cap	2
1-G	170.032.330	Hex Head Capscrew	8

FOR CAST IRON CENTERS ONLY

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
1	031.019.010	Air Valve Assembly	1
1-A	095.043.010	Body, Air Valve	1
1-B	031.012.000	Sleeve and Spool Set	1
1-C	132.014.358	Bumper	2
1-D	560.020.360	O-Ring	6
1-E	360.010.425	Gasket	2
1-F	165.011.010	End Cap	2
1-G	170.032.330	Hex Head Capscrew	8

LEGEND:

○ = Items contained within Air End Kits

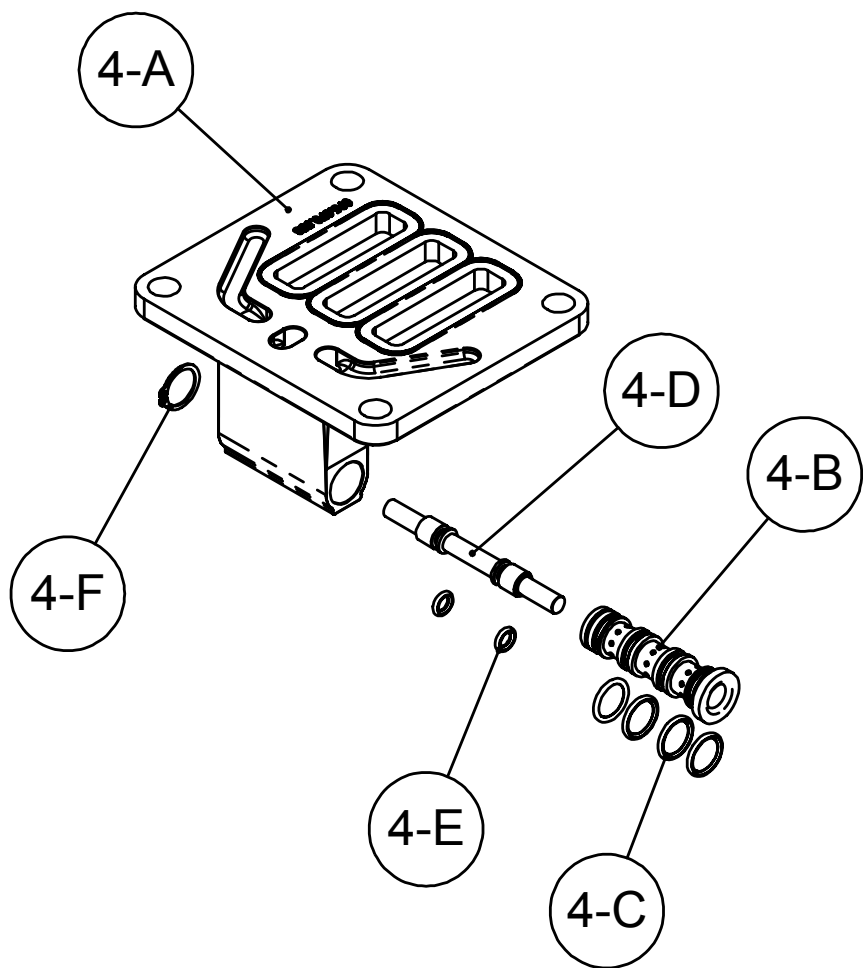
Note: Kits contain components specific to the material codes.

IMPORTANT



Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

Pilot Valve Assembly



4: AIR END

Pilot Valve Servicing

With Pilot Valve removed from pump.

Step 1: Remove snap ring (4-F).

Step 2: Remove sleeve (4-B), inspect O-Rings (4-C), replace if required.

Step 3: Remove spool (4-D) from sleeve (4-B), inspect O-Rings (4-E), replace if required.

Step 4: Lightly lubricate O-Rings (4-C) and (4-E).

Reassemble in reverse order.

PILOT VALVE ASSEMBLY PARTS LIST

Item	Part Number	Description	Qty
4	095.073.001	Pilot Valve Assembly	1
4-A	095.070.558	Valve Body	1
4-B	755.025.000	Sleeve (With O-Rings)	1
4-C	560.033.360	O-Ring (Sleeve)	4
4-D	775.026.000	Spool (With O-Rings)	1
4-E	560.023.360	O-Ring (Spool)	2
4-F	675.037.080	Retaining Ring	1

LEGEND:

○ = Items contained within Air End Kits

Note: Kits contain components specific to the material codes.

Diaphragm Servicing

Step 1: With manifolds and outer chambers removed, remove diaphragm assemblies from diaphragm rod. **DO NOT** use a pipe wrench or similar tool to remove assembly from rod. Flaws in the rod surface may damage bearings and seal. Soft jaws in a vise are recommended to prevent diaphragm rod damage.

Step 1.A: NOTE: Not all inner diaphragm plates are threaded. Some models utilize a through hole in the inner diaphragm plate. If required to separate diaphragm assembly, place assembly in a vise, gripping on the exterior cast diameter of the inner plate. Turn the outer plate clockwise to separate the assembly.

Always inspect diaphragms for wear cracks or chemical attack. Inspect inner and outer plates for deformities, rust scale and wear. Inspect intermediate bearings for elongation and wear. Inspect diaphragm rod for wear or marks.

Clean or repair if appropriate. Replace as required.

Step 2: Reassembly: There are two different types of diaphragm plate assemblies utilized throughout the Sandpiper product line: Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and a threaded inner plate.

Outer plate with a threaded stud, diaphragm, and an inner plate with through hole. Secure threaded inner plate in a vise. Ensure that the plates are being installed with the outer radius against the diaphragm.

Step 3: Lightly lubricate, with a compatible material, the inner faces of both outer and inner diaphragm plates when using on non Overlay diaphragms (For EPDM water is recommended). No lubrication is required.

Step 4: Push the threaded outer diaphragm plate through the center hole of the diaphragm.

Note: Most diaphragms are installed with the natural bulge out towards the fluid side. S05, S07, and S10 non-metallic units are installed with the natural bulge in towards the air side.

Step 5: Thread or place, outer plate stud into the inner plate. For threaded inner plates, use a torque wrench to tighten the assembly together. Torque values are called out on the exploded view.

Repeat procedure for second side assembly. Allow a minimum of 15 minutes to elapse after torquing, then re-torque the assembly to compensate for stress relaxation in the clamped assembly.

Step 6: Thread one assembly onto the diaphragm rod with sealing washer (when used) and bumper.

Step 7: Install diaphragm rod assembly into pump and secure by installing the outer chamber in place and tightening the capscrews.

Step 8: On opposite side of pump, thread the remaining assembly onto the diaphragm rod. Using a torque wrench, tighten the assembly to the diaphragm rod. Align diaphragm through bolt holes, always going forward past the recommended torque. Torque values are called out on the exploded view. **NEVER** reverse to align holes, if alignment cannot be achieved without damage to diaphragm, loosen complete assemblies, rotate diaphragm and reassemble as described above.

Step 9: Complete assembly of entire unit.

One Piece Diaphragm Servicing (Bonded PTFE with integral plate) The One Piece diaphragm has a threaded stud installed in the integral plate at the factory. The inner diaphragm plate has a through hole instead of a threaded hole. Place the inner plate over the diaphragm stud and thread the first diaphragm / inner plate onto the diaphragm rod only until the inner plate contacts the rod. Do not tighten. A small amount of grease may be applied between the inner plate and the diaphragm to facilitate assembly. Insert the diaphragm / rod assembly into the pump and install the outer chamber. Turn the pump over and thread the second diaphragm / inner plate onto the diaphragm rod. Turn the diaphragm until the inner plate contacts the rod and hand tighten the assembly. Continue tightening until the bolt holes align with the inner chamber holes. **DO NOT LEAVE THE ASSEMBLY LOOSE.**

IMPORTANT



Read these instructions completely, before installation and start-up. It is the responsibility of the purchaser to retain this manual for reference. Failure to comply with the recommendations stated in this manual will damage the pump, and void factory warranty.

5 - YEAR Limited Product Warranty

Warren Rupp, Inc. ("Warren Rupp") warrants to the original end-use purchaser that no product sold by Warren Rupp that bears a Warren Rupp brand shall fail under normal use and service due to a defect in material or workmanship within five years from the date of shipment from Warren Rupp's factory. Warren Rupp brands include Warren Rupp®, SANDPIPER®, SANDPIPER Signature Series™, MARATHON®, Porta-Pump®, SludgeMaster™ and Tranquilizer®.

The use of non-OEM replacement parts will void (or negate) agency certifications, including CE, ATEX, CSA, 3A and EC1935 compliance (Food Contact Materials). Warren Rupp, Inc. cannot ensure nor warrant non-OEM parts to meet the stringent requirements of the certifying agencies.

~ See sandpiperpump.com/content/warranty-certifications for complete warranty, including terms and conditions, limitations and exclusions. ~

**WARREN
RUPP, INC.**

Declaration of Conformity

**Manufacturer: Warren Rupp, Inc., 800 N. Main Street
Mansfield, Ohio, 44902 USA**

Certifies that Air-Operated Double Diaphragm Pump Series: HDB, HDF, M Non-Metallic, S Non-Metallic, M Metallic, S Metallic, T Series, G Series, U Series, EH and SH High Pressure, RS Series, W Series, F Series, SMA and SPA Submersibles, and Tranquilizer® Surge Suppressors comply with the European Community Directive 2006/42/EC on Machinery, according to Annex VIII.

This product has used Harmonized Standard EN809:2012, Pumps and Pump Units for Liquids - Common Safety Requirements, to verify conformance.

David Roseberry
Signature of authorized person

October 20, 2005
Date of issue

Authorised Representative:
IDEX Pump Technologies
R79 Shannon Industrial Estate
Shannon, Co. Clare, Ireland

Director of Engineering
Title

February 27, 2017
Date of revision

Attn: Barry McMahon



Revision Level: F



EU Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer:


Warren Rupp, Inc.
A Unit of IDEX Corporation
800 North Main Street
Mansfield, OH 44902 USA

Warren Rupp, Inc. declares that Air Operated Double Diaphragm Pumps (AODD) and Surge Suppressors listed below comply with the requirements of **Directive 2014/34/EU** and all applicable standards.

Applicable Standards


- EN ISO 80079-36: 2016
- EN ISO 80079-37: 2016
- EN ISO 60079-25: 2010

1. AODD Pumps and Surge Suppressors - Technical File No.: 20310400-1410/MERHazardous Location Applied:

II 2 G Ex h IIC T5...225°C (T2) Gb
 II 2 D Ex h IIIC T100°C...T200°C Db
II 2 G Ex h IIB T5...225°C (T2) Gb
II 2 D Ex h IIIB T100°C...T200°C Db

- Metallic pump models with external aluminum components (S Series, HD Series, G Series, DMF Series, MSA Series, U Series, F Series, T Series, EH Series, SH Series, GH Series)
- Conductive plastic pump models with integral muffler (S Series, PB Series)
- Tranquilizer® surge suppressors

2. AODD Pumps - EU Type Examination Certificate No.: DEKRA 18ATEX0094X - DEKRA Certification B.V. (0344)Hazardous Location Applied:

I M1 Ex h I Ma
II 1 G Ex h IIC T5...225°C (T2) Ga
II 1 D Ex h IIIC T100°C...T200°C Da
 II 2 G Ex h ia IIC T5 Gb
II 2 D Ex h ia IIIC T100°C Db
II 2 G Ex h mb IIC T5 Gb
II 2 D Ex mb tb IIIC T100° Db

Meander 1051
6825 MJ Arnhem
The Netherlands

- Metallic pump models with no external aluminum (S series, HD Series, G series)
- Conductive plastic pumps equipped with metal muffler (S series, PB Series)
- ATEX pump models equipped with ATEX rated pulse output kit or solenoid kit

➤ See "ATEX Details" page in user's manual for more information
➤ See "Safety Information" page for conditions of safe use

DATE/APPROVAL/TITLE:
26 SEP 2018


David Roseberry, Director of Engineering